

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

**Trade name**

2K US Filler 4:1

**Product no.**

4-240-1000/4000

**REACH registration number**

Not applicable

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture**

Bodywork protector treatment. Only for professional use.

**Uses advised against**

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The full text of any mentioned and identified use categories are given in section 16

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Company and address**

August Handel GmbH  
Heinrich-Hertz-Str. 3b  
DE-14532 Kleinmachnow b. Berlin  
Germany  
Phone: +49 30 217333 00

**Contact person**

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**E-mail**

info@augusthandel.com

**SDS date**

2017-06-21

**SDS Version**

1000.0

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Contact The National Poisons Information Service (dial 111, 24 h service). See section 4 "First aid measures".

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### ▼ 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 3; H226

Carc. 1B; H350

Skin Sens 1A; H317

See full text of H-phrases in section 2.2.

### 2.2. Label elements

#### ▼ Hazard pictogram(s)



#### ▼ Signal word

Danger

#### ▼ Hazard statement(s)

Flammable liquid and vapour. (H226)

May cause cancer. (H350)

▼ **Safety statement(s)**

General	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. (P101). Keep out of reach of children. (P102).
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. (P201).
Response	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. (P308+P313).
Storage	Store locked up. (P405).
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant. (P501).

▼ **Identity of the substances primarily responsible for the major health hazards**

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified [A complex combi

▼ **2.3. Other hazards**

This product contains teratogenic substances, which may cause long-term adverse effects to the unborn foetus.

This product contains substances that may cause adverse effects to the reproductive system.

This product contains an organic solvent. Repeated or prolonged exposure to organic solvents may result in adverse effects to the nervous system and internal organs such as liver and kidneys.

▼ **Additional labelling**

Contains products of dimerised fatty acids, C18-unsaturated, with N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine. May produce an allergic reaction. (EUH208). Do not use in paint spraying equipment.

▼ **Additional warnings**

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▼ **VOC**

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**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**▼ **3.1/3.2. Substances/Mixtures**

NAME:	n-butyl acetate
IDENTIFICATION NOS.:	CAS-no: 123-86-4 EC-no: 204-658-1 Index-no: 607-025-00-1
CONTENT:	10-20%%
CLP CLASSIFICATION:	Flam. Liq. 3, STOT SE 3 H226, H336, EUH066
NOTE:	S
NAME:	xylene
IDENTIFICATION NOS.:	CAS-no: 1330-20-7 EC-no: 215-535-7 Index-no: 601-022-00-9
CONTENT:	2,5-10%%
CLP CLASSIFICATION:	Flam. Liq. 3, Acute Tox. 4, STOT RE 2, STOT SE 3, Skin Irrit. 2, Asp. Tox. 1 H226, H304, H312, H315, H332, H335, H373
NOTE:	SL
NAME:	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified A complex combi
IDENTIFICATION NOS.:	CAS-no: 64742-95-6 EC-no: 265-199-0 Index-no: 649-356-00-4
CONTENT:	0,1-2,5%%
CLP CLASSIFICATION:	Flam. Liq. 3, STOT SE 3, Skin Irrit. 2, Asp. Tox. 1, Carc. 1B, Repr. 2, Aquatic Chronic 2 H226, H304, H315, H336, H350, H361, H411
NAME:	ethylbenzene
IDENTIFICATION NOS.:	CAS-no: 100-41-4 EC-no: 202-849-4 Index-no: 601-023-00-4
CONTENT:	0,1-2,5%%
CLP CLASSIFICATION:	Flam. Liq. 2, Acute Tox. 4, STOT RE 2, Asp. Tox. 1 H225, H304, H332, H373
NOTE:	SL
NAME:	2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate
IDENTIFICATION NOS.:	CAS-no: 26761-45-5 EC-no: 247-979-2 REACH-no: 01-2119431597-33
CONTENT:	0,1-1%%
CLP CLASSIFICATION:	Muta. 2, Aquatic Chronic 2, Skin Sens. 1 H341, H411, H317
NAME:	products of dimerised fatty acids, C18-unsaturated, with N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine
IDENTIFICATION NOS.:	CAS-no: 162627-17-0 EC-no: 605-296-0
CONTENT:	0,1-1%%

CLP CLASSIFICATION: Skin Sens. 1A  
H317

(\*) See full text of H-phrases in section 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available.  
S = Organic solvent L = European occupational exposure limit.

#### Other information

ATEmix(inhale, vapour) > 20  
ATEmix(dermal) > 2000  
Skin Cat. 2 Sum =  $\sum(Ci/S(G)CLi) = 0,56 - 0,84$   
N chronic (CAT 4) Sum =  $\sum(Ci/(M(chronic)^{25}) * 0.1 * 10^{CAT4}) = 0,064 - 0,096$

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### ▼ General information

In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or casualty department – take the label or this safety data sheet. The doctor can contact The National Poisons Information Service (dial 111, 24 h service). Contact a doctor if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms persist. Never give an unconscious person water or other drink.

#### ▼ Inhalation

Bring the person into fresh air and stay with him.

#### ▼ Skin contact

Immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Ensure that skin, which has been exposed to the material, is washed thoroughly with soap and water. Skin cleanser can be used. DO NOT use solvents or thinners.

#### ▼ Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Flush eyes immediately with plenty of water or isotonic water (20-30°C) for at least 15 minutes and continue until irritation stops. Make sure to flush under the upper and lower eyelids. If irritation continues, contact a doctor. Continue flushing during transport.

#### ▼ Ingestion

In the case of ingestion, contact a doctor immediately and bring the safety data sheet or label. If the person is conscious, give them water. DO NOT try to induce vomiting, unless this is recommended by a doctor. Hold head facing down to prevent vomit returning to the mouth and throat. Prevent shock by keeping the injured person warm and calm. Initiate immediate resuscitation if breathing stops. If unconscious, roll the injured person into recovery position. Call an ambulance.

#### Burns

Rinse with water until the pain stops then continue to rinse for a further 30 minutes.

#### ▼ 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Neurotoxic effects: This product contains organic solvents, which may cause adverse effects to the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity include: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, ringing in ears, tingling sensations of skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer and may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

This product contains substances that may trigger an allergic reaction to predisposed persons.

#### ▼ 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

IF exposed or concerned: Get immediate medical advice/attention.

#### Information to medics

Bring this safety data sheet.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### ▼ 5.1. Extinguishing media

Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, carbonic acid, powder, water mist. Waterjets should not be used, since they can spread the fire.

#### ▼ 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

If the product is exposed to high temperatures, e.g. in the event of fire, dangerous catabolic substances are produced. These are: Carbon oxides. Fire will result in dense black smoke. Exposure to combustion products may harm your health. Fire fighters should wear appropriate protection equipment. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not allow fire-extinguishing water to enter the sewage system and nearby surface waters.

#### ▼ 5.3. Advice for firefighters

No specific requirements.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### ▼ 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid direct contact with spilled substances. Avoid inhalation of vapours from spilled material. Storages not yet ignited must be cooled by water mist. Remove flammable materials if conditions allow it. Ensure sufficient ventilation.

### ▼ 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc. In the event of leakage to the surroundings, contact local environmental authorities. It is recommended to install waste collection trays to prevent emissions to the waste water system and surrounding environment.

### ▼ 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use sand, sawdust, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth to contain and collect non-combustible absorbent materials and place in container for disposal, according to local regulations. To the extent possible cleaning is performed with normal cleaning agents. Avoid use of solvents.

### ▼ 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section on "Disposal considerations" in regard of handling of waste. See section on 'Exposure controls/personal protection' for protective measures.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### ▼ 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid static electricity. Protect electrical equipment in accordance with current standards. To divert static electricity during transmission, containers must be grounded and connected by wire with the receiving containers. Do not use spark-forming tools.

Smoking, storage of tobacco, consumption and storage of food or liquids are not allowed in the workrooms. See section on 'Exposure controls/personal protection' for information on personal protection. Avoid direct contact with the product.

### ▼ 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. The room and chemical closet shall be provided with warning sign for toxic substances. Always store in containers of the same material as the original container. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Must be stored in a cool and well-ventilated area, away from possible sources of ignition.

#### ▼ Storage temperature

Room temperature 18 to 23°C

### ▼ 7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications quoted in section 1.2

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### ▼ OEL

ethylbenzene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period): 100 ppm | 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period): 125 ppm | 552 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Comments: Sk (Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. )

xylene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period): 50 ppm | 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period): 100 ppm | 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Comments: Sk BMGV (Bmgv = Biological Monitoring Guidance Value. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. )

n-butyl acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period): 150 ppm | 724 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period): 200 ppm | 966 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### ▼ DNEL / PNEC

DNEL ( n-butyl acetate ): 480 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure: Inhalation

Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL ( n-butyl acetate ): 7 mg/kg

Exposure: Dermal

Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL ( n-butyl acetate ): 960 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure: Inhalation  
 Duration of Exposure: Short term – Systemic effects - Workers  
 DNEL ( n-butyl acetate ): 960 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Exposure: Inhalation  
 Duration of Exposure: Short term – Local effects - Workers  
 DNEL ( n-butyl acetate ): 480 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Exposure: Inhalation  
 Duration of Exposure: Long term – Local effects - Workers  
 DNEL ( Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified [A complex combi): 25 mg/kg  
 Exposure: Dermal  
 Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers  
 DNEL ( Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified [A complex combi): 150 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Exposure: Inhalation  
 Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers  
 DNEL (xylene): 180 mg/kg  
 Exposure: Dermal  
 Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers  
 DNEL (xylene): 289 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Exposure: Inhalation  
 Duration of Exposure: Short term – Systemic effects - Workers  
 DNEL (xylene): 289 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Exposure: Inhalation  
 Duration of Exposure: Short term – Local effects - Workers  
 DNEL (xylene): 77 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Exposure: Inhalation  
 Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers  
 DNEL (xylene): 77 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Exposure: Inhalation  
 Duration of Exposure: Long term – Local effects - Workers  
 DNEL ( ethylbenzene ): 180 mg/kg  
 Exposure: Dermal  
 Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers  
 DNEL ( ethylbenzene ): 293 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Exposure: Inhalation  
 Duration of Exposure: Short term – Local effects - Workers  
 DNEL ( ethylbenzene ): 77 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Exposure: Inhalation  
 Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers

PNEC ( n-butyl acetate ): 0,18 mg/l  
 Exposure: Freshwater  
 PNEC ( n-butyl acetate ): 0,018 mg/l  
 Exposure: Marine water  
 PNEC ( n-butyl acetate ): 0,36 mg/l  
 Exposure: Intermittent release  
 PNEC ( n-butyl acetate ): 0,981 mg/kg  
 Exposure: Freshwater sediment  
 PNEC ( n-butyl acetate ): 0,0981 mg/kg  
 Exposure: Marine water sediment  
 PNEC ( n-butyl acetate ): 0,0903 mg/kg  
 Exposure: Soil  
 PNEC ( n-butyl acetate ): 35,6 mg/l  
 Exposure: Sewage Treatment Plant  
 PNEC (xylene): 0,327 mg/l  
 Exposure: Freshwater  
 PNEC (xylene): 12,46 mg/kg  
 Exposure: Freshwater sediment  
 PNEC (xylene): 2,31 mg/kg  
 Exposure: Soil  
 PNEC (xylene): 6,58 mg/l  
 Exposure: Sewage Treatment Plant  
 PNEC ( ethylbenzene ): 0,1 mg/l  
 Exposure: Freshwater  
 PNEC ( ethylbenzene ): 0,01 mg/l  
 Exposure: Marine water  
 PNEC ( ethylbenzene ): 0,1 mg/l  
 Exposure: Intermittent release  
 PNEC ( ethylbenzene ): 13,7 mg/kg  
 Exposure: Freshwater sediment  
 PNEC ( ethylbenzene ): 1,37 mg/kg  
 Exposure: Marine water sediment  
 PNEC ( ethylbenzene ): 2,68 mg/kg  
 Exposure: Soil  
 PNEC ( ethylbenzene ): 9,6 mg/l  
 Exposure: Sewage Treatment Plant

## 8.2. Exposure controls

▼ Compliance with the accepted occupational exposure limits values should be controlled on a regular basis.

**General recommendations**

▼ Observe general occupational hygiene standards.

**Exposure scenarios**

In the event exposure scenarios are appended to the safety data sheet, the operational conditions and risk management measures in these shall be complied with.

**Exposure limits**

Professional users are subjected to the legally set maximum concentrations for occupational exposure. See occupational hygiene limit values above.

**Appropriate technical measures**

Exhaust air that contains the substances shall not be recirculated. Airborne gas and dust concentrations must be kept at a minimum and below current limit values (see above). Installation of an exhaust system if normal air flow in the work room is not sufficient is recommended. Ensure emergency eyewash and - showers are clearly marked.

**Hygiene measures**

In between use of the product and at the end of the working day all exposed areas of the body must be washed thoroughly. Always wash hands, forearms and face.

**Measures to avoid environmental exposure**

Keep containment materials near the workplace. If possible, collect spillage during work.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment****Generally**

Use only CE marked protective equipment.

**Respiratory Equipment**

Recommended: Combination filter A2P3. Class 2/3. Brown/White

**Skin protection**

Wear appropriate protection clothing, e.g. coveralls in polypropylene approved type 6 and Category III.

**Hand protection**

Recommended: Natural rubber (latex )

**Eye protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties****▼ 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Form	Liquid
Colour	Gray
Odour	Characteristic
Odour threshold (ppm)	No data available.
pH	No data available.
Viscosity (40°C)	75 s
Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	1,648

**▼ Phase changes**

Melting point (°C)	No data available.
Boiling point (°C)	124
Vapour pressure	No data available.
Decomposition temperature (°C)	No data available.
Evaporation rate (n-butylacetate = 100)	No data available.

**▼ Data on fire and explosion hazards**

Flash point (°C)	29
Ignition (°C)	370
Auto flammability (°C)	No data available.
Explosion limits (% v/v)	1,2 - 7,5 v/v%
Explosive properties	No data available.

**▼ Solubility**

Solubility in water	Insoluble
n-octanol/water coefficient	No data available.

**▼ 9.2. Other information**

Solubility in fat (g/L)

No data available.

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****▼ 10.1. Reactivity**

No data available

**▼ 10.2. Chemical stability**

The product is stable under the conditions, noted in the section "Handling and storage".

**▼ 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Nothing special

**▼ 10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Avoid static electricity. Do not expose to any forms of heat (e.g. solar radiation). May lead to excess pressure.

**▼ 10.5. Incompatible materials**

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reducing agents.

**▼ 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

The product is not degraded when used as specified in section 1.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****11.1. Information on toxicological effects****▼ Acute toxicity**

Substance	Species	Test	Route of exposure	Result
ethylbenzene	Rat	LD50	Oral	3500 - 4710 mg/kg
ethylbenzene	Rabbit	LD50	Dermal	17800 mg/kg
ethylbenzene	-	LC50	Inhalation	11 mg/l
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), ...	Rat	LD50	Oral	>6800 mg/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), ...	Rabbit	LD50	Dermal	>3500 mg/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), ...	Rat	LC50	Inhalation	>6193 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), ...	Rat	LD50	Oral	4300 mg/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), ...	Rabbit	LD50	Dermal	2000 mg/kg
xylene	Rat	LD50	Inhalation	22,1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xylene	Rat	LD50	Oral	10768 mg/kg
xylene	Rabbit	LD50	Dermal	17600 mg/kg
xylene	Rat	LC50	Inhalation	23,4 mg/l 4h
n-butyl acetate	Rat	LD50	Dermal	10760 mg/kg
n-butyl acetate	Mouse	LD50	Oral	6mg/kg

**▼ Skin corrosion/irritation**

No data available.

**▼ Serious eye damage/irritation**

No data available.

**▼ Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

This product contains substances that may trigger an allergic reaction to predisposed persons.

**▼ Germ cell mutagenicity**

No data available.

**▼ Carcinogenicity**

May cause cancer.

**▼ Reproductive toxicity**

No data available.

**▼ STOT-single exposure**

Data on substance: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified [A complex combi

**▼ STOT-repeated exposure**

No data available.

**▼ Aspiration hazard**

No data available.

**▼ Long term effects**

Reproductive toxicity: This product contains teratogenic substances, which may produce anomalies and/or developmental defects to the human offspring. Adverse effects include: death, growth retardation, congenital disorders, delayed mental development, and functional disorders.



Reproductive toxicity: This product contains reprotoxic substances, which may harm the reproductive capacity. Adverse effects include: sterility, effects on the sexual function, lowered effective fertility and dysfunctional menstrual cycle.

Carcinogenic effects: This product contains substances considered or proven to be carcinogenic. The substances are classified as carcinogenic or listed by the Danish Working Environment Authority as substances suspected of being carcinogenic. The substances are covered by the DWEA's regulations on work involving the risk of cancer. The carcinogenic effects may be triggered subsequent to exposure through inhalation, skin contact or ingestion.

Neurotoxic effects: This product contains organic solvents, which may cause adverse effects to the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity include: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, ringing in ears, tingling sensations of skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer and may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### ▼ 12.1. Toxicity

Substance	Species	Test	Duration	Result
ethylbenzene				
ethylbenzene				
ethylbenzene	Algae	EC10	30 min	200 mg/l
ethylbenzene	Algae	EC50	24 h	13,4 mg/l
ethylbenzene	Fish	EC50	24 h	7 mg/l
ethylbenzene	Daphnia	EC50	48 h	2,4 mg/l
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Algae	EC50	72 h	33 mg/L
...	Fish	LC50	96 h	12 mg/L
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Daphnia	EC50	24 h	150 mg/l
...	Algae	EC50	72 h	2,9 mg/l
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Fish	LC50	96 h	3,77 mg/l
...	Daphnia	EC50	48 h	7,4 mg/l
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Daphnia	EC50	24 h	96 mg/l
...	Daphnia	EC50	48 h	>1 - 10 mg/l
xylene	Algae	IC50	72 h	2,2 mg/l
xylene	Fish	LC50	96 h	13,5 mg/l
xylene	Daphnia	EC50	48 h	44 mg/l
xylene	Algae	EC50	72 h	675 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	Fish	LC50	96 h	18 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	Algae	NOEC	16 h	115 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	Crustacean	EC50	48 h	32 mg/L
n-butyl acetate				

### ▼ 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Substance	Biodegradability	Test	Result
ethylbenzene	Yes	Modified OECD Screening Test	100
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Yes	Modified OECD Screening Test	78%
...	Yes	Closed Bottle Test	83%
n-butyl acetate			

### ▼ 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Substance	Potential bioaccumulation	LogPow	BCF
n-butyl acetate	Yes	2,3	15,3

### ▼ 12.4. Mobility in soil

ethylbenzene : Log Koc= 2,41 (Moderate mobility potential.).  
n-butyl acetate : Log Koc= 1,27 (High mobility potential.).

### ▼ 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Contains epoxy compounds. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

### ▼ 12.6. Other adverse effects

This product contains substances that are toxic to the environment. May result in adverse effects to aquatic organisms. This product contains substances, which due to poor biodegradability, may cause adverse long-term effects to the aquatic environment, This product contains substances with the potential of bioaccumulation resulting in the risk of accumulation in the food chain. Bioaccumulative substances are concentrated in adipose tissue and are not easily secreted.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods



Product is covered by the regulations on hazardous waste.

▼ **Waste**

EWC code

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▼ **Specific labelling**

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▼ **Contaminated packing**

Contaminated packaging must be disposed of similarly to the product.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1 – 14.4

This product is within scope of the regulations of transport of dangerous goods.

▼ **ADR/RID**

14.1. UN number 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name -

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3

14.4. Packing group III

Notes -

Tunnel restriction code D/E

▼ **IMDG**

UN-no. 1263

Proper Shipping Name PAINT

Class 3

PG\* III

EmS F-E,S-E

MP\*\* No

Hazardous constituent Flammable liquids

▼ **IATA/ICAO**

UN-no. 1263

Proper Shipping Name PAINT

Class 3

PG\* III

▼ **14.5. Environmental hazards**

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▼ **14.6. Special precautions for user**

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▼ **14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code**

No data available

(\*) Packing group

(\*\*) Marine pollutant

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

▼ **Restrictions for application**

People under the age of 18 shall not be exposed to this product cf. Council Directive 94/33/EC of 22 June 1994 on the protection of young people at work.

Industrial use only.

Pregnant women and women breastfeeding must not be exposed to this product. The risk, and possible technical precautions or design of the workplace needed to eliminate exposure, must be considered.

▼ **Demands for specific education**

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**Additional information**

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**Sources**

Council Directive 92/85/EEC on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding.

Council Directive 94/33/EC of 22 June 1994 on the protection of young people at work.

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002. SI 2002/2677. The Stationery Office, 2002.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (CLP).

EC regulation 1907/2006 (REACH).

▼ **15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

No

**SECTION 16: Other information**

▼ **Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H350 - May cause cancer.

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure<sup>a</sup>.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**The full text of identified uses as mentioned in section 1**

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**Additional label elements**

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**Other**

In accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) the evaluation of the classification of the mixture is based on:

The classification of the mixture in regard of physical hazards has been based on experimental data.

The classification of the mixture in regard of health hazards are in accordance with the calculation methods given by Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product. Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version, see section 1)) is marked with a blue triangle.

**The safety data sheet is validated by**

JW

**Date of last essential change  
(First cipher in SDS version)**

2017-06-21

**Date of last minor change  
(Last cipher in SDS version)**

2017-06-21